

AD-A093 220

NAVAL RESEARCH LAB WASHINGTON DC

F/6 4/1

THE CURRENT CONVECTIVE INSTABILITY AS APPLIED TO THE AURORAL IO--ETC(U)

DEC 80 P K CHATURVEDI, S L OSSAKOW

UNCLASSIFIED

NRL-MR-4415

NL

1-1  
1-1


END  
DATE  
FILMED  
1-81  
DTIC

⑨ Memorandum rept.

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM	
1. REPORT NUMBER NRL Memorandum Report 4415	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO. AD-A093 220	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER	
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) THE CURRENT CONVECTIVE INSTABILITY AS APPLIED TO THE AURORAL IONOSPHERE.		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED Interim report on a continuing NRL problem.	
6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER		7. AUTHOR(s) P. K. Chaturvedi* S. L. Ossakow	
8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s)		9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS Naval Research Laboratory Washington, D. C. 20375	
10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS 61153N; RR0330244; 47-0883-0-1; 62704H; 47-0891-0-1		11. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS Defense Nuclear Agency, Washington, D. C. 20305 & Office of Naval Research, Arlington, VA 22217	
12. REPORT DATE December 19, 1980		13. NUMBER OF PAGES 24	
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office) KK03302- S99QAXH		15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) UNCLASSIFIED	
15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE		16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT OF THIS REPORT Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.	
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)			
18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES This research was sponsored partially by the Defense Nuclear Agency under subtask S99QAXHC066, work unit 13, work unit title "Magnetospheric and High Latitude Implications;" and partially by the Office of Naval Research. *Berkeley Research Associates, Arlington, VA 22209.			
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) Current convective instability Auroral ionosphere Linear theory Ion inertial effects Highly collisional effects Electromagnetic effects Application to E and F region			
20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number) We extend the previous analysis of the current convective instability as applied to the diffuse auroral situation (Ossakow and Chaturvedi, 1979) to include ion inertial effects, important at high altitudes; and to the case in which ions are highly collisional (non-magnetized), a situation which is realized at E-region altitudes. In the inertial domain the instability growth rates are comparable to those found in the collision dominated domain. This extends the applicability of the instability process to high altitudes. The relevance of the instability to the E-region is discussed. Finally, electromagnetic effects, which can be important for long wavelengths, are considered and are found to be small in ionospheric situations.			

DD FORM 1 JAN 73 1473

EDITION OF 1 NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE  
S/N 0102-LF-014-6601

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

251950

## CONTENTS

I. INTRODUCTION .....	1
II. THEORY .....	2
III. DICUSSION .....	11
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT .....	12
REFERENCES .....	13

Accession For	
NTIS GRA&I	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DTIC TAB	<input type="checkbox"/>
Unannounced	<input type="checkbox"/>
Justification	
By	
Distribution/	
Availability Codes	
Avail and/or	
Dist	Special
A	

S DTIC ELECTE D

DEC 29 1980

D

# THE CURRENT CONVECTIVE INSTABILITY AS APPLIED TO THE AURORAL IONOSPHERE

## I. INTRODUCTION

Recently the current convective instability has been suggested as a possible mechanism responsible for irregularities causing scintillation phenomena observed by the DNA Wideband Satellite during diffuse auroral situations [Ossakow and Chaturvedi, 1979; Chaturvedi and Ossakow, 1979; Vickrey et al., 1980]. The observations seem to suggest the scintillations as being caused by L-shell aligned, field aligned, large scale irregularities co-located in the regions of soft particle precipitation and horizontal plasma density gradients with the source region confined in latitude [Fremouw et al., 1977; Rino et al., 1978; Rino and Owen, 1980]. The current convective instability occurs in regions where the field-aligned currents exceed a certain threshold, determined by the ambient parameters, etc., in the presence of a plasma density gradient transverse to the magnetic field [Kadomtsev and Nedospasov, 1962].

The linear theory of the instability as applied to the auroral situation appears to give plausible growth times, regions of occurrence, etc. [Ossakow and Chaturvedi, 1979; Vickrey et al., 1980]. Some of the observed features, like L-shell alignment and percentage fluctuation of irregularity amplitudes, may be explained by a nonlinear saturation mechanism of the instability that invokes mode coupling to damped modes in a two-dimensional treatment perpendicular to the magnetic field [Chaturvedi and Ossakow, 1979]. The field-aligned currents cause weak shear in the magnetic field with shear lengths comparable in order of magnitude to the parallel scale sizes of the instability-driven unstable modes. The effect of shear is to reduce the growth rates somewhat but to spatially localize the mode in the density gradient direction [Huba and Ossakow, 1980]. The first global numerical simulations [Keskinen et al., 1980] performed for the nonlinear current

convective instability show that during the nonlinear evolution the regions of enhancements move equatorward while those of depletions drift polewards. In addition, the power spectrum of the density fluctuations follows a power law with a typical value in the vicinity of  $\sim k^{-2}$ .

In the present work we have extended the previous linear analysis of the current convective instability [Ossakow and Chaturvedi, 1979] to include ion inertial effects, which assume importance at high altitudes where the ion-neutral collision frequency gets smaller. We find the growth rates to remain of the same order of magnitude in the inertial case as they were in the collisional case [Ossakow and Chaturvedi, 1979]. At the same time, we present the growth rate expression of the current convective instability for the other limit when ions are strongly collisional, i.e.,  $\nu_{in} \gg \Omega_i$ , as is the case in the E-region ionosphere. Further, as is well known, in considering long wavelengths such that  $ck/\omega_e \ll 1$  (where  $c$  is the velocity of light,  $k$  the wave number and  $\omega_e$  the electron plasma frequency), one should consider electromagnetic effects also [Kaw et al., 1974]. We find these effects to be very small in the ionospheric situation.

In the next sections, we first present the growth rate calculations for the ion-inertia dominated regime and for the case of strongly collisional ions, then the effect of electromagnetic corrections on the growth rate, and in the final section we discuss them for the ionospheric application.

## II. THEORY

### A. Ion Inertia Effects

We shall work in a coordinate system which has its  $z$ -axis aligned with the magnetic field,  $B_0$ , with its  $y$ -axis pointing northwards, and the  $x$ -axis pointing westward. A field-aligned current, along the  $z$ -axis and a plasma

density gradient along the y-axis are assumed as a part of the equilibrium. This neglects a weak altitude dependent gradient, any east-west gradient and any equilibrium electric fields. The temperature effects responsible for diffusive damping are ignored for simplicity as is magnetic field shear. The electron inertia is neglected for the low frequencies concerned in the paper and  $\nu_{en}$ , the electron-neutral collision frequency, is neglected in comparison to  $\nu_{ei}$ , the electron-ion Coulomb collision frequency, which is a valid assumption at F-region altitudes. The zero-order current is assumed to be caused by an equilibrium drift  $v_0$  of electrons over ions along the z-axis. The perturbations are assumed to vary as  $\propto \exp(ik_x x + ik_y y + ik_z z - i\omega t)$  and the local approximation is used in the analysis which is justified as long as we consider wavelengths to be small compared to the density gradient scale-length ( $k_y \gg d \ln n_0 / dy$ ).

With these assumptions the electron velocities are given as

$$v_{ze} \approx - \frac{eE_z}{m\nu_{ei}} \approx i \frac{k_z e}{m\nu_{ei}} \tilde{\phi} \quad (1)$$

$$v_{\perp e} \approx \frac{cE_{\perp} \times \hat{z}}{B_0} \approx - \frac{cV_{\perp} \tilde{\phi} \times \hat{z}}{B_0} \quad (2)$$

where the electrostatic assumptions for perturbed electric fields,

$\underline{E} \approx - \nabla \tilde{\phi}$  has been used.

The ion momentum transfer equation is

$$Mn \frac{\partial v_{\perp i}}{\partial t} \approx en \underline{E}_{\perp} + \frac{en}{c} (\underline{v}_{\perp i} \times \underline{B}_0)_{\perp} - Mn \nu_{in} \underline{v}_{\perp i} \quad (3)$$

The perturbed ion-velocities in the perturbed fields can be written as

$$\underline{v}_{\perp i} \approx - \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{\tilde{\nu}_{in}^2}{\Omega_i^2}\right)} \frac{\tilde{\nu}_{in}}{\Omega_i} \frac{eV_{\perp} \tilde{\phi}}{M \Omega_i} - \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{\tilde{\nu}_{in}^2}{\Omega_i^2}\right)} \frac{eV_{\perp} \tilde{\phi} \times \hat{z}}{M \Omega_i} \quad (4)$$

$$\text{where } \tilde{v}_{in} = v_{in} - i\omega, \Omega_i = \frac{eB_0}{Mc}. \quad (5)$$

It is easily verified that under the present approximations

$$v_{zi} \approx 0. \quad (6)$$

The continuity equation for the two species is

$$\frac{\partial n_\alpha}{\partial t} + \nabla_\perp \cdot (n_\alpha \mathbf{v}_\alpha) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (n_\alpha v_{z\alpha}) = 0 \quad (7)$$

with  $\alpha \equiv e, i$ . Any production and loss due to recombination has been neglected.

Equations (1), (2) and (7) lead to

$$\omega \tilde{\frac{n_e}{n_0}} \approx \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{k_z e}{m v_{ei}} \tilde{\phi} \right) + i \frac{e \nabla_\perp \tilde{\phi} \times \hat{z} \cdot \underline{\varepsilon}}{m \Omega_e}$$

where

$$\tilde{\omega} = \omega - k_z v_0, \quad \underline{\varepsilon} = \frac{1}{n_0} \frac{dn_\alpha}{dy} \hat{y}. \quad (8)$$

Similarly, eqs. (4), (6) and (7) lead to

$$\omega \tilde{\frac{n_i}{n_0}} = v_\perp \cdot \left[ i \frac{\tilde{v}_{in} / \Omega_i}{1 + \frac{\tilde{v}_{in}^2}{\Omega_i^2}} \frac{e \nabla_\perp \tilde{\phi}}{M \Omega_i} \right] + \left[ i \frac{\tilde{v}_{in}}{\Omega_i \left( 1 + \frac{\tilde{v}_{in}^2}{\Omega_i^2} \right)} \frac{e \nabla_\perp \tilde{\phi}}{M \Omega_i} + i \frac{e \nabla_\perp \tilde{\phi} \times \hat{z}}{M \Omega_i \left( 1 + \frac{\tilde{v}_{in}^2}{\Omega_i^2} \right)} \right] \cdot \underline{\varepsilon} \quad (9)$$

The difference of eqs. (8) and (9) leads to

$$v_o k_z \frac{\tilde{n}}{n_o} \approx \nabla_{\perp} \cdot \left[ i \frac{\tilde{v}_{in}}{\Omega_i} \frac{e \nabla_{\perp} \tilde{\phi}}{M \Omega_i} \right] + i \frac{\tilde{v}_{in}^2}{\Omega_i^2} \frac{e \nabla_{\perp} \tilde{\phi} \times \hat{z} \cdot \underline{\epsilon}}{M \Omega_i} - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \frac{e k_z}{m v_{ei}} \tilde{\phi} \right) \quad (10)$$

where  $\Omega_i \gg \tilde{v}_{in}$  has been assumed in addition to the quasi-neutrality assumption  $\tilde{n}_e \approx \tilde{n}_i = \tilde{n}$ .

The dispersion relation is obtained from (8) and (10) and is

$$\omega^2 + i\omega \left( v_{in} + \frac{k_z^2}{k_{\perp}^2} \frac{\Omega_e \Omega_i}{v_{ei}} \right) + \frac{v_o k_z \Omega_i}{k_{\perp}} \epsilon \approx 0 \quad (11)$$

where some small terms have been neglected. Splitting  $\omega = \omega_r + i\gamma$ , the growth rate is given as

$$\gamma \approx -\frac{1}{2} \bar{v}_{in} \pm \frac{1}{2} \left( \bar{v}_{in}^2 + \frac{4v_o k_z \Omega_i \epsilon}{k_{\perp}} \right)^{1/2} \quad (12)$$

where

$$\bar{v}_{in} \equiv \left( v_{in} + \frac{k_z^2}{k_{\perp}^2} \frac{\Omega_e \Omega_i}{v_{ei}} \right)$$

Equation (12) can be maximized with respect to  $k_z/k_{\perp}$  and this maximum growth rate is obtained from the cubic equation for  $k_z/k_{\perp}$

$$\left( \frac{k_z}{k_{\perp}} \right)^3 - \left( \frac{k_z}{k_{\perp}} \right) \frac{v_{ei} v_{in}}{\Omega_e \Omega_i} - \frac{1}{2} v_o \frac{\epsilon v_{ei}^2}{\Omega_e^2 \Omega_i} = 0. \quad (12a)$$

It is simple to recover the collisional growth rate from (12), for

$$\bar{v}_{in}^2 \gg \frac{4v_o k_z \Omega_i \epsilon}{k_{\perp}}, \text{ one gets}$$



$$\gamma \approx \frac{\frac{v_o k_z}{k_\perp} \frac{v_{ei}}{\Omega_e} \epsilon}{\frac{k_z^2}{k_\perp^2} + \frac{v_{ei} v_{in}}{\Omega_e \Omega_i}} \quad (13)$$

which is the same as before [Ossakow and Chaturvedi, 1979; Chaturvedi and Ossakow, 1979]. The maximum growth rate in this case occurs for (which also results from (12a) by neglecting the last term on the lefthand side of (12a))

$$\left(\frac{k_z}{k_\perp}\right)^2 \approx \frac{v_{ei} v_{in}}{\Omega_e \Omega_i}$$

and is

$$\gamma_{CM} \approx \frac{v_o \epsilon}{2} \left( \frac{m}{M} \frac{v_{ei}}{v_{in}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (14)$$

In the limit  $v_{in} \approx 0$ , we recover the purely inertial case from the growth rate expression given by (12),

$$\gamma \approx -\frac{1}{2} \frac{k_z^2}{k_\perp^2} \frac{\Omega_e \Omega_i}{v_{ei}} + \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{k_z^4}{k_\perp^4} \frac{\Omega_e^2 \Omega_i^2}{v_{ei}^2} + \frac{4v_o \epsilon k_z \Omega_i}{k_\perp} \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad (15)$$

A simplified expression of growth rate for this case can be obtained when

$$1 \gg \frac{4v_o k_z}{k_\perp} \left(\frac{k_\perp}{k_z}\right)^4 \frac{v_{ei}^2}{\Omega_e^2 \Omega_i} \epsilon$$

then one gets

$$\gamma \approx v_o \epsilon \frac{k_\perp}{k_z} \frac{v_{ei}}{\Omega_e}$$

Maximum growth rate in this case occurs for (from (15) and also results from (12a) by neglecting the second term on the lefthand side of (12a))

$$\frac{k_z}{k_\perp} \approx \left( \frac{v_o v_{ei}^2 \epsilon}{2 \Omega_e^2 \Omega_i} \right)^{1/3}$$

and is

$$\gamma_{IM} \approx \left( \frac{v_o \epsilon}{2} \right)^{2/3} \left( \frac{m}{M} v_{ei} \right)^{1/3} \quad (16)$$

It should be noted that in the inertial case the value of  $k_z/k_\perp$  which maximizes the growth rate depends on instability driving parameters,  $v_o$  and  $\epsilon$ , and not just background ionospheric parameters,  $v_{ei}$ ,  $v_{in}$ ,  $\Omega_e$ , and  $\Omega_i$ , as well the case in the collision dominated regime.

#### B. Collisional Ions

We now consider a situation wherein ions are highly collisional such that  $v_{in} \gg \Omega_i$ . This situation is frequently realized at E-region altitudes in ionosphere. The ion and electron velocities may be written as

$$v_{\perp i} \approx \frac{eE_\perp}{Mv_{in}}, \quad v_{zi} \approx \frac{eE_z}{Mv_{in}} \quad (17)$$

$$v_{\perp e} \approx \frac{cE_\perp \times \hat{z}}{B_o}, \quad v_{ze} \approx -\frac{eE_z}{mv_{en}} \quad (18)$$

Upon using the electrostatic assumption, one can readily write the ion and electron continuity equations as

$$\omega \frac{\tilde{n}}{n_o} \approx -i \frac{ek_\perp^2}{Mv_{in}} \tilde{\phi} \quad (19)$$

and

$$(\omega - v_o k_z) \frac{\tilde{n}}{n_o} \approx -\frac{c}{B_o} \frac{k_\perp \times \hat{z} \cdot \nabla n_o}{n_o} \tilde{\phi} + i \frac{ek_z^2}{mv_{en}} \tilde{\phi} \quad (20)$$

where the quasi-neutrality assumption has been used. The difference of the

above two equations yields

$$v_o k_z \frac{\tilde{n}}{n_o} \approx -i \frac{ek_z^2}{Mv_{in}} \tilde{\phi} - \frac{ck_x}{B_o L} \tilde{\phi} - i \frac{ek_z^2}{mv_{en}} \tilde{\phi} \quad (21)$$

The dispersion relation can be obtained from eqs. (19) and (21),

$$\omega \approx \frac{v_o k_z}{\left(1 + \frac{M}{m} \frac{v_{in}}{v_{en}} \frac{k_z^2}{k_\perp^2} - i \frac{v_{in}}{\Omega_i} \frac{1}{k_\perp L}\right)} \quad (22)$$

One puts  $\omega = \omega_R + i\gamma$ , then

$$\omega_R \approx v_o k_z \left(1 + \frac{M}{m} \frac{v_{in}}{v_{en}} \frac{k_z^2}{k_\perp^2}\right)^{-1} \quad (22a)$$

The growth rate expression from eq. (22) is

$$\gamma \approx \frac{v_o k_z \left(\frac{v_{in}}{\Omega_i} \frac{1}{k_\perp L}\right)}{\left(1 + \frac{M}{m} \frac{v_{in}}{v_{en}} \frac{k_z^2}{k_\perp^2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{v_{in}}{\Omega_i} \frac{1}{k_\perp L}\right)^2} \quad (22b)$$

For typical E-region situations,  $m/M \sim 2 \times 10^{-5}$ ,  $v_{in} \sim 2.5 \times 10^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$ ,

$v_{en} \sim 4 \times 10^4 \text{ s}^{-1}$ , and assuming  $L \sim 10 \text{ kms}$ ,  $v_o \sim 2 \times 10^4 \text{ cm/s}$ , etc., we find

$\frac{M}{m} \frac{v_{in}}{v_{en}} \frac{k_z^2}{k_\perp^2} \gg \left(\frac{v_{in}}{\Omega_i} \frac{1}{k_\perp L}\right)^2$ , so that  $\omega_R \sim 3.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$  and  $\gamma \sim 10^{-3} \text{ sec}^{-1}$ , where

$k_z/k \sim \left(M/m \frac{v_{in}}{v_{en}}\right)^{-1/2} \sim 10^{-2}$  was used with  $\lambda_\perp \sim 300 \text{ m}$ . We note here that at

E-region altitudes, an ambient electric field transverse to the magnetic

field causes growth of perturbations due to the so-called  $\underline{E} \times \underline{B}$  instability.

The growth rate expression for this cross-field instability may be written as

(Sudan et al., 1973)

$$\gamma \approx \frac{\psi}{(1 + \psi)} \left( \frac{k_x \epsilon \Omega_e}{k_\perp^2 v_{en}} \omega_R \right)$$

where  $\omega_R \approx \underline{k} \cdot \underline{v}_0 / (1 + \psi)$ ,  $\psi \approx \frac{v_{en} v_{in}}{\Omega_e \Omega_i}$ ,  $\epsilon \sim \frac{1}{n_0} \frac{dn_0}{dy}$ ,  $v_0 = \frac{cE_0}{B_0}$

(with  $E_0$  being the primary transverse electric field). Here temperature effects have been ignored for simplicity. The growth rate due to the  $\underline{E} \times \underline{B}$  instability can be much higher depending upon the parameters. Thus, for  $v_0 \sim 100$  m/s,  $L \sim 10$  km,  $\gamma_{\underline{E} \times \underline{B}} \sim 10^{-1} s^{-1}$ , in contrast to  $\gamma_{cc} \sim 10^{-3} s^{-1}$  obtained above for the current convective instability.

### C. Electromagnetic Effects

In this section we present results on the electromagnetic effects on the growth rate of the current convective instability. We consider the case in which temperature effects are ignored in addition to the ion and electron inertia. Instead of the electrostatic approximation, we use the full set of Maxwell's equations,

$$\nabla \times \underline{E} = -\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \underline{B}}{\partial t}; \quad \nabla \times \underline{B} = \frac{4\pi}{c} \underline{J} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \underline{E}}{\partial t}$$

The two equations above can be combined into one as,

$$\nabla^2 \underline{E} - \nabla(\nabla \cdot \underline{E}) = \frac{4\pi}{c^2} \frac{\partial \underline{J}}{\partial t} \quad (23)$$

where the displacement current has been ignored for the low frequencies concerned. The perturbed current is

$$\underline{J} \approx n_0 e \underline{v}_i - n_0 e \underline{v}_e - \tilde{n} e v_0 \hat{z} \quad (24)$$

where the perturbed ion and electron fluid velocities are given by

$$\underline{v}_{\perp i} \approx \frac{v_{in}}{\Omega_i} \frac{e \underline{E}_{\perp}}{M} + \frac{c \underline{E}_{\perp} \times \hat{z}}{B_0}, \quad v_{zi} \approx \frac{e E_z}{M v_{in}} \quad (25)$$

and

$$\frac{v_{1e}}{B_0} \approx \frac{c}{B_0} \frac{(\omega - k_z v_o)}{\omega} E_{1x} \hat{z} + \frac{c}{B_0} \frac{v_o}{\omega} k_x \hat{z} E_z, \quad v_{ze} \approx - \frac{e E_z}{m v_e} \quad (26)$$

The rest of the perturbation analysis follows the procedure outlined in the preceding section. Use of (25) and (26) in (24) gives  $\underline{J}$  which then is substituted back in eq. (23) to yield three component equations. The dispersion relation is obtained from the determinant of these three component equations and is, after some algebra,

$$\omega \left( \frac{v_e v_{in}}{\Omega_e \Omega_i} + \frac{k_z^2}{k_1^2} \right) - v_o k_z \frac{v_{in} v_{en}}{\Omega_e \Omega_i} - i \frac{v_o k_z}{\Omega_e} \frac{v_{en} \epsilon}{k_1} + \frac{\omega_e^2}{c^2 k_1^2} \omega \frac{v_{in}}{\Omega_i} \left[ -i \frac{\omega}{\Omega_e} + i \frac{v_o k_z}{\Omega_e} \frac{v_e v_{in}}{\Omega_e \Omega_i} - \frac{v_o k_z \epsilon}{\Omega_e k_1} \frac{v_e}{\Omega_e} \right] \approx 0. \quad (27)$$

The electrostatic limit can readily be obtained from eq. (27) by using the approximation  $\frac{\omega_e}{c k_1} \ll 1$ . In the opposite limit,  $\frac{\omega_e}{c k_1} \gg 1$ , electromagnetic effects can be stabilizing or destabilizing depending on the parameters. However, for the auroral F-region situation they turn out to be negligibly small. The growth rate in this regime is, from eq. (27),

$$\gamma \approx \frac{v_o k_z \frac{\epsilon}{k_1} \frac{v_e}{\Omega_e}}{\left( \frac{k_z^2}{k_1^2} + \frac{v_e v_i}{\Omega_e \Omega_i} \right)} - \frac{\omega_e^2}{c^2 k_1^2} \frac{v_{in} (v_o k_z)^2}{\Omega_e \Omega_i} \frac{\left( \frac{\epsilon}{k_1} \right)^2 \left( \frac{v_e}{\Omega_e} \right)^2}{\left( \frac{k_z^2}{k_1^2} + \frac{v_e v_i}{\Omega_e \Omega_i} \right)^3} \quad (28)$$

For typical parameters,  $\omega_e \sim 1.7 \times 10^7 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$ ,  $\lambda_1 \sim 1 \text{ km}$ ,  $\omega_e / c k_1 \sim 10$ ,  $v_{in} / \Omega_i \sim 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$ ,  $v_e / \Omega_e \sim 10^{-4}$ ,  $\Omega_e \sim 5 \times 10^6$ ,  $v_o \sim 5 \times 10^4 \text{ cm/s}$ ,  $\lambda_z \sim 10^4 \text{ km}$ ,  $L \sim 50 \text{ km}$ , the second term in eq. (28), though stabilizing, is  $\sim 10^{-6} \text{ s}^{-1}$  compared with the typical growth rates of the current convective instability in the auroral ionosphere which go as  $\sim 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . Thus we find that in the

ionosphere the growth rate is unaffected by electromagnetic effects for the current convective instability. In a parameter regime where  $v_{in}/\Omega_i > \epsilon/k_\perp$ , the electromagnetic effects on the current convective instability can be destabilizing, with the growth rate becoming,

$$\gamma \approx \frac{\frac{v_o k_z}{\Omega_e} \frac{\epsilon}{k_\perp} v_e}{\left(\frac{k_z^2}{k_\perp^2} + \frac{v_e v_i}{\Omega_e \Omega_i}\right)} + \frac{\frac{\omega_e^2}{c^2 k_\perp^2} \frac{v_{in}}{\Omega_i \Omega_e}}{\left(\frac{k_z^2}{k_\perp^2} + \frac{v_e v_i}{\Omega_e \Omega_i}\right)^3} \frac{(v_o k_z)^2 \left(\frac{v_e v_e}{\Omega_e \Omega_i}\right)^2}{\left(\frac{k_z^2}{k_\perp^2} + \frac{v_e v_i}{\Omega_e \Omega_i}\right)^3} \quad (28a)$$

This parameter regime may be satisfied at lower altitudes in the ionosphere.

### III. DISCUSSION

We have presented in the previous sections the growth rate expressions in the case when ion-inertia is important (eqs. (12), (15), (16)); ions are highly collisional (eq. 22) and in the case when the electromagnetic effects are included (eq. (28)). This extends our previous analysis wherein we applied the current convective instability to the diffuse auroral situation ignoring ion-inertia, and using the electrostatic approximation in the analysis (eq. (13), (14)) and  $v_{in} \ll \Omega_i$  [Ossakow and Chaturvedi, 1979].

For typical ionospheric F-region parameters at auroral latitudes at 350-400 km altitudes, we have  $v_o \sim 500$  m/s,  $m/M \sim 3 \times 10^{-5}$ ,  $v_{ei} \sim 5 \times 10^2$ ,  $v_{in} \sim 5 \times 10^{-2}$ ,  $\epsilon^{-1} \sim L \sim 50$  km, we see that from eq. (14),  $\gamma_{CM} \sim 3 \times 10^{-3} \text{sec}^{-1}$  and similarly from eq. (16),  $\gamma_{IM} \sim 3 \times 10^{-3} \text{sec}^{-1}$ . We find that the growth rate remains the same order of magnitude in the collisional and inertial domains. At higher altitudes, where  $v_{in} \sim 10^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$ ,  $v_{ei} \sim 30$ , one finds that the growth rate for the same values of  $v_o$  and  $\epsilon^{-1}$ , is  $\sim 3 \times 10^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$ . Thus one can conclude that the current convective instability is applicable equally well to higher altitudes in the ionosphere where  $v_{in}$  becomes smaller in contrast to

the collisional case presented in our previous work [Ossakow and Chaturvedi, 1979]. Thermal diffusion will damp out the modes at a rate proportional to  $\sim c_s^2 (k_\perp^2 \frac{v_e}{\Omega_e \Omega_i} + \frac{k_z^2}{v_{in}})$  [Chaturvedi and Ossakow, 1979] which determines the threshold for the instability, and for a given set of parameters corresponding to instability, determines the cut-off scale lengths, below which the system is stable. For the present set of parameters, the stable (damped modes) wavelengths correspond to  $\lambda_{\perp D} \leq 70$  m and  $\lambda_{\parallel D} \leq 400$  km. In the limit of highly collisional ions, corresponding to E-region altitudes, the growth rate can be on the order of  $\sim 10^{-3} \text{sec}^{-1}$ . However, the presence of transverse electric fields of moderate strengths (a few mv/m) would cause growth at a much faster rate due to the well-known ExB instability. The electromagnetic effects on the growth rate can be similarly estimated, and for the above set of parameters, for wavelengths  $\sim 1$  km, they turn out to be a factor  $\sim 10^{-3}$  smaller compared to the electrostatic growth rate, and are rather small to have any effect.

#### Acknowledgement

This work was supported by DNA and ONR.

#### REFERENCES

- Chaturvedi, P. K. and S. L. Ossakow, Nonlinear stabilization of the current convective instability in the diffuse aurora, Geophys. Res. Lett., 6, 957, 1979.
- Fremouw, E. J., C. L. Rino, R. C. Livingston and M. C. Cousins, A persistent subauroral scintillation enhancement observed in Alaska, Geophys. Res. Lett., 4, 539, 1977.
- Huba, J. D. and S. L. Ossakow, Influence of magnetic shear on the current convective instability in the diffuse aurora, J. Geophys. Res., in press, 1980.
- Kaw, P. K., P. K. Chaturvedi and A. A. Ivanov, Electromagnetic effects on instabilities in the equatorial electrojet, J. Geophys. Res., 79, 3802, 1974.
- Kadomtsev, B. B. and A. V. Nedospasov, Instability of the positive column in a magnetic field and the "anomalous diffusion effect," J. Nucl. Energy, Part C, 1, 230, 1960.
- Keskinen, M. J., S. L. Ossakow and B. E. McDonald, Nonlinear evolution of diffuse auroral F region ionospheric irregularities, Geophys. Res. Lett., 7, 573, 1980.
- Rino, C. L., R. C. Livingston and S. J. Matthews, Evidence for sheet-like auroral ionospheric irregularities, Geophys. Res. Lett. 5, 1039, 1978.
- Rino, C. L. and J. Owen, The structure of localized nighttime auroral-zone scintillation enhancements, J. Geophys. Res., 85, 2941, 1980.



Ossakow, S. I. and P. K. Chaturvedi, Current convective instability in the diffuse aurora, Geophys. Res. Lett., 6, 332, 1979.

Sudan, R. N., J. Akinrimisi, and D. T. Farley, Generation of small-scale irregularities in the equatorial electrojet, J. Geophys. Res., 78, 240, 1973.

Vickrey, J. F., C. L. Rino and T. A. Potemra, Chatanika/Triad observations of unstable ionization enhancements in the auroral F-region, Geophys. Res. Lett., 7, 789, 1980.

# DISTRIBUTION LIST

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE  
COMM. AND CONT. & INTELL  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301  
OIC ATTN: J. BABCOCK  
OIC ATTN: M. EPSTEIN

ASSISTANT TO THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE  
ATOMIC ENERGY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301  
OIC ATTN: EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT

DIRECTOR  
COMMANDER IN CHIEF TECHNICAL CENTER  
PENTAGON RM 4E 485  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.

DIRECTOR  
DEFENSE ADVANCE. RSCH. PROJ. AGENCY  
ARMED SERVICES BUILDING  
CAMP WILSON Bldg.  
ARLINGTON, VA. 22204  
OIC ATTN: NUCLEAR MONITORING RESEARCH  
OIC ATTN: STRATEGIC TECH OFFICE

DEFENSE COMMUNICATIONS ENGINEER CENTER  
1465 WILSON AVENUE  
RESTON, VA. 20190  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. JAMES W. MCLEAN  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. J. H. H. H.

DIRECTOR  
DEFENSE COMMUNICATIONS AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. ATTN: CODE 240 FOR  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.

DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER  
CAMP BUCHANAN  
ALEXANDRIA, VA. 22304  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. (OTHER PUBLICATION, OTHERWISE 2 COPIES)  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.

DIRECTOR  
DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20505  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. J. H. H. H.  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. J. H. H. H.  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. J. H. H. H.  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. J. H. H. H.

DIRECTOR  
DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20505  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.

COMMANDER  
DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20505  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.

DIRECTOR  
INTERSTATE NUCLEAR WEAPONS SCHOOL  
KIRTLAND AFB, NM 87114  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.

JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. NMCCS EVALUATION OFFICE

DIRECTOR  
JOINT STRAT. PLANNING STAFF  
OFFUTT AFB  
OMAHA, NE 68113  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.

CHIEF  
LIVERMORE DIVISION FLD COMMAND DNA  
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE  
LAWRENCE LIVERMORE LABORATORY  
P. O. BOX 808  
LIVERMORE, CA 94550  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.

DIRECTOR  
NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY  
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE  
FT. GEORGE G. MEADE, MD 20755  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. SKILLMAN R52  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. FRANK LEONARD  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. PAT CLARK  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. OLIVER M. BARTLETT #52  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H.

COMMANDANT  
NATO SCHOOL SHAPE  
APO NEW YORK 09172  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. DOCUMENTS OFFICER

UNDER SECY OF DEF FOR RSCH & ENGRG  
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. STRATEGIC & SPACE SYSTEMS (SS)

WMCCS SYSTEM ENGINEERING DRG  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20305  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. DRAFFORD

COMMANDER DIRECTOR  
ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCES LABORATORY  
U.S. ARMY ELECTRONICS COMMAND  
WHITE SANDS MISSILE RANGE, NM 88002  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. R. NILES

DIRECTOR  
SMD ADVANCED TECH. CTR  
MUNTSVILLE OFFICE  
P. O. BOX 1500  
MUNTSVILLE, AL 35007  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. MELVIN T. CAPPS  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. W. DAVIES  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. DON RUSS

PROGRAM MANAGER  
SMD PROGRAM OFFICE  
5001 EISENHOWER AVENUE  
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22303  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. J. H. H. H.

CHIEF THE SERVICES DIVISION  
U.S. ARMY COMMUNICATIONS CMD  
PENTAGON RM 4B254  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. THE SERVICES DIVISION

COMMANDER  
FRADCOM TECHNICAL SUPPORT ACTIVITY  
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
FORT MONMOUTH, N.J. 07703  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. M. BENNET  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. M. BOMKE  
OIC ATTN: J. H. H. H. J. H. H. H.

COMMANDER  
HARRY DIAMOND LABORATORIES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
2800 POWDER MILL ROAD  
ADELPHI, MD 20783

(CONV-DI-INNER ENVELOPE: ATTN: DELHD-RBH)  
OICY ATTN DELHD-TI M. WEINER  
OICY ATTN DELHD-RB R. WILLIAMS  
OICY ATTN DELHD-NP F. WIMENITZ  
OICY ATTN DELHD-NP C. MOAZED

COMMANDER  
U.S. ARMY COMM-ELEC ENGRG INSTAL AGY  
FT. HUACHUCA, AZ 85613

OICY ATTN CCC-EMEO GEORGE LANE

COMMANDER  
U.S. ARMY FOREIGN SCIENCE & TECH CTR  
220 7TH STREET, NE  
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA 22901  
OICY ATTN DRXST-SD  
OICY ATTN R. JONES

COMMANDER  
U.S. ARMY MATERIEL DEV & READINESS CMD  
5001 EISENHOWER AVENUE  
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22333  
OICY ATTN DRCLDC J. A. BENDER

COMMANDER  
U.S. ARMY NUCLEAR AND CHEMICAL AGENCY  
7500 BACKLICK ROAD  
BLDG 2073  
SPRINGFIELD, VA 22150  
OICY ATTN LIBRARY

DIRECTOR  
U.S. ARMY BALLISTIC RESEARCH LABS  
ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND, MD 21005  
OICY ATTN TECH L18 EDWARD BAICY

COMMANDER  
U.S. ARMY SATCOM AGENCY  
FT. MONMOUTH, NJ 07703  
OICY ATTN DOCUMENT CONTROL

COMMANDER  
U.S. ARMY MISSILE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY  
REDSTONE ARSENAL, AL 35809  
OICY ATTN JIM GAMBLE

DIRECTOR  
U.S. ARMY TRADOC SYSTEMS ANALYSIS ACTIVITY  
WHITE SANDS MISSILE RANGE, NM 88002  
OICY ATTN ATAA-SA  
OICY ATTN TCC/F. PAYAN JR.  
OICY ATTN ATAA-TAG LTC J. HESSE

COMMANDER  
NAVAL ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS COMMAND  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20360  
OICY ATTN NAVALSX 034 T. HUGHES  
OICY ATTN PME 117  
OICY ATTN PME 117-T  
OICY ATTN CODE 5011

COMMANDING OFFICER  
NAVAL INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT CTR  
4301 SUTLAND ROAD, BLDG. 5  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20390  
OICY ATTN MR. DUBBIN STIC 12  
OICY ATTN NISC-50  
OICY ATTN CODE 5404 J. GALE\*

COMMANDER  
NAVAL OCEAN SYSTEMS CENTER  
SAN DIEGO, CA 92152  
OICY ATTN CODE 532 W. MOLER  
OICY ATTN CODE 0230 C. BAGGETT  
OICY ATTN CODE 81 R. EASTMAN

DIRECTOR  
NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20375  
OICY ATTN CODE 4700 T. P. COFFEY (25 CYS IF UN, 1 CY IF CLASS)  
OICY ATTN CODE 4701 JACK D. BROWN  
OICY ATTN CODE 4780 BRANCH HEAD (150 CYS IF UN, 1 CY IF CLASS)  
OICY ATTN CODE 7500 HQ COMM DIR BRUCE WALD  
OICY ATTN CODE 7550 J. DAVIS  
OICY ATTN CODE 7580  
OICY ATTN CODE 7551  
OICY ATTN CODE 7555  
OICY ATTN CODE 4730 E. MCLEAN  
OICY ATTN CODE 4127 C. JOHNSON

COMMANDER  
NAVAL SEA SYSTEMS COMMAND  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20362  
OICY ATTN CAPT R. PITKIN

COMMANDER  
NAVAL SPACE SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM  
DAHLGREN, VA 22448  
OICY ATTN CAPT J. H. BURTON

OFFICER-IN-CHARGE  
NAVAL SURFACE WEAPONS CENTER  
WHITE OAK, SILVER SPRING, MD 20910  
OICY ATTN CODE F31

DIRECTOR  
STRATEGIC SYSTEMS PROJECT OFFICE  
DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20376  
OICY ATTN NSP-2141  
OICY ATTN NSSP-2722 FRED WIMBERLY

NAVAL SPACE SYSTEM ACTIVITY  
P. O. BOX 32960  
WORLDWAY POSTAL CENTER  
LOS ANGELES, CALIF. 90009  
OICY ATTN A. B. HAZZARD

COMMANDER  
NAVAL SURFACE WEAPONS CENTER  
DAHLGREN LABORATORY  
DAHLGREN, VA 22448  
OICY ATTN DE OF-14 R. BUTLER

COMMANDING OFFICER  
NAVY SPACE SYSTEMS ACTIVITY  
P.O. BOX 32960  
WORLDWAY POSTAL CENTER  
LOS ANGELES, CA. 90009  
OICY ATTN CODE 52

OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH  
ARLINGTON, VA 22217  
OICY ATTN CODE 465  
OICY ATTN CODE 461  
OICY ATTN CODE 402  
OICY ATTN CODE 420  
OICY ATTN CODE 421

COMMANDER  
AEROSPACE DEFENSE COMMAND DC  
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE  
ENT AFB, CO 80912  
OICY ATTN DC MR. LONG

COMMANDER  
AEROSPACE DEFENSE COMMAND/XPD  
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE  
ENT AFB, CO 80912  
OICY ATTN XPD00  
OICY ATTN XP

AIR FORCE GEOPHYSICS LABORATORY  
HANSCOM AFB, MA 01731  
OICY ATTN OPR HAROLD GARDNER  
OICY ATTN OPR-1 JAMES C. ULWICK  
OICY ATTN LKB KENNETH S. W. CHAMPTION  
OICY ATTN OPR ALVA T. STAIR  
OICY ATTN PHP JULES AARONS  
OICY ATTN PND JURGEN BUCHAU  
OICY ATTN PND JOHN P. MULLEN

AF WEAPONS LABORATORY  
KIRTLAND AFB, NM 87117  
OICY ATTN SUL  
OICY ATTN CA ARTHUR H. GUENTHER  
OICY ATTN DYC CAPT J. BARRY  
OICY ATTN DYC JOHN M. KAMM  
OICY ATTN DYT CAPT MARK A. FRY  
OICY ATTN DES MAJ GARY GANONG  
OICY ATTN DYC J. JANNI

AFTAC  
PATRICK AFB, FL 32925  
OICY ATTN TF/MAJ WILEY  
OICY ATTN TN

AIR FORCE AVIONICS LABORATORY  
WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB, OH 45433  
OICY ATTN AAD WADE HUNT  
OICY ATTN AAD ALLEN JOHNSON

DEPUTY CHIEF OF STAFF  
RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, & ACQ  
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20330  
OICY ATTN AFRDQ

HEADQUARTERS  
ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIVISION/XR  
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE  
HANSCOM AFB, MA 01731  
OICY ATTN XR J. DEAS

HEADQUARTERS  
ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIVISION/YSEA  
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE  
HANSCOM AFB, MA 01731  
OICY ATTN YSEA

HEADQUARTERS  
ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIVISION/DC  
DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE  
HANSCOM AFB, MA 01731  
OICY ATTN DCKC MAJ J.C. CLARK

COMMANDER  
FOREIGN TECHNOLOGY DIVISION, AFSC  
WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB, OH 45433  
OICY ATTN NICD LIBRARY  
OICY ATTN ETDG B. BALLARD

COMMANDER  
ROME AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER, AFSC  
GRIFFISS AFB, NY 13441  
OICY ATTN DOC LIBRARY/TSLO  
OICY ATTN OCSE V. COYNE

SAMSO/SZ  
POST OFFICE BOX 92960  
WORLDWAY POSTAL CENTER  
LOS ANGELES, CA 90009  
(SPACE DEFENSE SYSTEMS)  
OICY ATTN SZJ

STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND/XPFS  
OFFUTT AFB, NE 68113  
OICY ATTN XPFS MAJ B. STEPHAN  
OICY ATTN ADWATE MAJ BRUCE BAUER  
OICY ATTN NRT  
OICY ATTN DOK CHIEF SCIENTIST

SAMSO/SK  
P. O. BOX 92960  
WORLDWAY POSTAL CENTER  
LOS ANGELES, CA 90009  
OICY ATTN SKA (SPACE COMM SYSTEMS) M. CLAVIN

SAMSO/MN  
NORTON AFB, CA 92409  
(MINUTEMAN)  
OICY ATTN MNML LTC KENNEDY

COMMANDER  
ROME AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER, AFSC  
HANSCOM AFB, MA 01731  
OICY ATTN EEP A. LORENTZEN

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY  
ALBUQUERQUE OPERATIONS OFFICE  
P. O. BOX 5400  
ALBUQUERQUE, NM 87115  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR D. SHERWOOD

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY  
LIBRARY ROOM G-042  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20545  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR A. LABOWITZ

EG&G, INC.  
LOS ALAMOS DIVISION  
P. O. BOX 809  
LOS ALAMOS, NM 85544  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR J. BREEDLOVE

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA  
LAWRENCE LIVERMORE LABORATORY  
P. O. BOX 808  
LIVERMORE, CA 94550  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR TECH INFO DEPT  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR L-389 R. OTT  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR L-31 R. MAGER  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR L-46 F. SEWARD

LOS ALAMOS SCIENTIFIC LABORATORY  
P. O. BOX 1663  
LOS ALAMOS, NM 87545  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR J. WOLCOTT  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR R. F. TASCHER  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR E. JONES  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR J. MALIK  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR R. JEFFRIES  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR J. ZINN  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR P. KEATON  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR D. WESTERVELT

SANDIA LABORATORIES  
P. O. BOX 5800  
ALBUQUERQUE, NM 87115  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR J. MARTIN  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR W. BROWN  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR A. THURNBROUGH  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR T. WRIGHT  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR D. DAHLGREN  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR 3141  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR SPACE PROJECT DIV

SANDIA LABORATORIES  
LIVERMORE LABORATORY  
P. O. BOX 969  
LIVERMORE, CA 94550  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR B. MURPHY  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR T. COOK

OFFICE OF MILITARY APPLICATION  
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20545  
OICY ATTN DOC CON FOR D. GALE

#### OTHER GOVERNMENT

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY  
ATTN RD/51, RM 5G48, HQ BLDG  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20505  
OICY ATTN OSI/PSID RM 5F 19

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20234  
(CALL CORRES. ATTN SEC OFFICER FOR)  
OICY ATTN R. MOORE

INSTITUTE FOR TELECOM SCIENCES  
NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS & INFO ADMIN  
BOULDER, CO 80503

01CY ATTN A. JEAN (UNCLASS ONLY)  
01CY ATTN W. UTLAUT  
01CY ATTN D. TROMBLE  
01CY ATTN L. HERRY

NATIONAL OCEANIC & ATMOSPHERIC ADMIN  
ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH LABORATORIES  
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
BOULDER, CO 80502

01CY ATTN R. GRUBB  
01CY ATTN AERONOMY LAB G. REID

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CONTRACTORS

AEROSPACE CORPORATION  
P. O. BOX 92957

LOS ANGELES, CA 90009  
01CY ATTN T. GARFUNKEL  
01CY ATTN T. SALMI  
01CY ATTN V. JOSEPHSON  
01CY ATTN S. BOWER  
01CY ATTN N. STOCKWELL  
01CY ATTN D. OLSEN

01CY ATTN SFA FOR PWH

ANALYTICAL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING CORP  
5 OLD CONCORD ROAD

BURLINGTON, MA 01803  
01CY ATTN RADIO SCIENCES

BERKELEY RESEARCH ASSOCIATES, INC.

P. O. BOX 383  
BERKELEY, CA 94701  
01CY ATTN J. MORAMAN

BOEING COMPANY, THE

P. O. BOX 1707  
SEATTLE, WA 98124  
01CY ATTN G. REISTER  
01CY ATTN D. MURRAY  
01CY ATTN J. HALL  
01CY ATTN J. KENNEY

CALIFORNIA AT SAN DIEGO, UNIV OF

P.O. Box 6049  
San Diego, CA 92106

BROWN ENGINEERING COMPANY, INC.

CUMMINGS RESEARCH PARK  
MUNTSVILLE, AL 35801  
01CY ATTN ROMEO A. DELIBERIS

CHARLES SPARK DRAPER LABORATORY, INC.

555 TECHNOLOGY SQUARE  
CAMBRIDGE, MA 02139  
01CY ATTN D. B. COX  
01CY ATTN J. P. STIMORE

COMPUTER SCIENCES CORPORATION

555 ARLINGTON BLVD  
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22046  
01CY ATTN M. BLANK  
01CY ATTN JOHN SPOOR  
01CY ATTN C. MAIL

COMSAT LABORATORIES

LINTHICUM ROAD  
CLARKSBURG, MD 20714  
01CY ATTN G. HYDE

CORNELL UNIVERSITY

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING  
ITHACA, NY 14850  
01CY ATTN D. T. FARLEY JR

ELECTROSPACE SYSTEMS, INC.

90X 1359  
RICHARDSON, TX 75080  
01CY ATTN H. LOGSTON  
01CY ATTN SECURITY (PAUL PHILLIPS)

ESL INC.

495 JAVA DRIVE  
SUNNYVALE, CA 94086  
01CY ATTN J. ROBERTS  
01CY ATTN JAMES MARSHALL  
01CY ATTN J. W. PRETTIE

FORD AEROSPACE & COMMUNICATIONS CORP

1939 FABIAN WAY  
PALO ALTO, CA 94303  
01CY ATTN G. T. MATTINGLEY

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

SPACE DIVISION  
VALLEY Forge SPACE CENTER  
WOODWARD BLVD KING OF PRUSSIA  
P. O. BOX 8555  
PHILADELPHIA, PA 19101  
01CY ATTN M. H. BORTNER SPACE SCI LAB

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

P. O. BOX 1122  
SYRACUSE, NY 13201  
01CY ATTN F. REIBERT

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

TEMPO-CENTER FOR ADVANCED STUDIES  
816 STATE STREET (P.O. DRAWER QQ)  
SANTA BARBARA, CA 93102  
01CY ATTN DASIAC  
01CY ATTN DON CHANDLER  
01CY ATTN TOM BARRETT  
01CY ATTN TIM STEPHANS  
01CY ATTN WARREN S. KNAPP  
01CY ATTN WILLIAM McNAMARA  
01CY ATTN B. GAMBILL  
01CY ATTN MARK STANTON

GENERAL ELECTRIC TECH SERVICES CO., INC.

MMES  
COURT STREET  
SYRACUSE, NY 13201  
01CY ATTN G. MILLMAN

GENERAL RESEARCH CORPORATION

SANTA BARBARA DIVISION  
P. O. BOX 5770  
SANTA BARBARA, CA 93111  
01CY ATTN JOHN ISE JR  
01CY ATTN JOEL BARBARINO

GEOPHYSICAL INSTITUTE

UNIVERSITY OF ALASKA  
FAIRBANKS, AK 99701  
(CALL CLASS ATTN: SECURITY OFFICER)  
01CY ATTN T. N. DAVIS (UNCL ONLY)  
01CY ATTN NEAL BROWN (UNCL ONLY)  
01CY ATTN TECHNICAL LIBRARY

ITE SYLVANIA, INC.

ELECTRONICS SYSTEMS GRP-EASTERN DIV  
11 A STREET  
NEEDHAM, MA 02194  
01CY ATTN MARSHAL CROSS

ILLINOIS, UNIVERSITY OF

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING  
URBANA, IL 61803  
01CY ATTN K. YEH

ILLINOIS, UNIVERSITY OF

107 COBLE HALL  
801 S. WRIGHT STREET  
URBANA, IL 60680  
(CALL CORRES ATTN SECURITY SUPERVISOR FOR)  
01CY ATTN K. YEH

INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE ANALYSES  
400 ARMY-NAVY DRIVE  
ARLINGTON, VA 22202

01CY ATTN J. M. AFIN  
01CY ATTN ERNEST BAUER  
01CY ATTN HANS WOLFHARD  
01CY ATTN JOEL BENGSTON

HSS, INC.  
1 ALFRED CIRCLE  
BEDFORD, MA 01730  
01CY ATTN DONALD HANSEN

INTE TEL & TELEGRAPH CORPORATION  
500 WASHINGTON AVENUE  
NUTLEY, NJ 07110  
01CY ATTN TECHNICAL LIBRARY

JAYCOR  
1401 CAMINO DEL MAR  
DEL MAR, CA 92014  
01CY ATTN S. R. GOLDMAN

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY  
APPLIED PHYSICS LABORATORY  
JOHNS HOPKINS ROAD  
LAUREL, MD 20810  
01CY ATTN DOCUMENT LIBRARIAN  
01CY ATTN THOMAS POTEMRA  
01CY ATTN JOHN DASSOULAS

LOCKHEED MISSILES & SPACE CO INC  
P. O. BOX 504  
SUNNYVALE, CA 94088  
01CY ATTN DEPT 60-12  
01CY ATTN D. R. CHURCHILL

LOCKHEED MISSILES AND SPACE CO INC  
3251 HANOVER STREET  
PALO ALTO, CA 94304  
01CY ATTN MARTIN WALT DEPT 52-10  
01CY ATTN RICHARD G. JOHNSON DEPT 52-12  
01CY ATTN W. L. IMHOFF DEPT 52-12

KAMAN SCIENCES CORP  
P. O. BOX 1463  
COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80933  
01CY ATTN T. MEAGHER

LINKABIT CORP  
10453 ROSELLE  
SAN DIEGO, CA 92121  
01CY ATTN IRWIN JACOBS

M.I.T. LINCOLN LABORATORY  
P. O. BOX 73  
LEXINGTON, MA 02173  
01CY ATTN DAVID M. TOWLE  
01CY ATTN P. WALDRON  
01CY ATTN L. LOUGHLIN  
01CY ATTN D. CLARK

MARTIN MARIETTA CORP  
ORLANDO DIVISION  
P. O. BOX 5837  
ORLANDO, FL 32805  
01CY ATTN R. HEFFNER

MCDONNELL DOUGLAS CORPORATION  
5301 BOLSA AVENUE  
HUNTINGTON BEACH, CA 92647  
01CY ATTN N. HARRIS  
01CY ATTN J. MOULE  
01CY ATTN GEORGE MROZ  
01CY ATTN W. OLSON  
01CY ATTN R. W. HALPRIN  
01CY ATTN TECHNICAL LIBRARY SERVICES

MISSION RESEARCH CORPORATION  
735 STATE STREET  
SANTA BARBARA, CA 93101  
01CY ATTN P. FISCHER  
01CY ATTN W. F. CREVIER  
01CY ATTN STEVEN L. GUTSCHE  
01CY ATTN D. SAPPENFIELD  
01CY ATTN R. BOGUSCH  
01CY ATTN R. HENDRICK  
01CY ATTN RALPH KILB  
01CY ATTN DAVE SOWLE  
01CY ATTN F. FAUEN  
01CY ATTN M. SCHEIBE  
01CY ATTN CONRAD L. LONGMIRE  
01CY ATTN WARREN A. SCHLUETER

MITRE CORPORATION, THE  
P. O. BOX 208  
BEDFORD, MA 01730  
01CY ATTN JOHN MORGANSTERN  
01CY ATTN G. HARDING  
01CY ATTN C. E. CALLAHAN

MITRE CORP  
WESTGATE RESEARCH PARK  
1820 DOLLY MADISON BLVD  
MCLEAN, VA 22101  
01CY ATTN W. HALL  
01CY ATTN W. FOSTER

PACIFIC-SIERRA RESEARCH CORP  
1456 CLOVERFIELD BLVD.  
SANTA MONICA, CA 90404  
01CY ATTN E. C. FIELD JR

PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY  
IONOSPHERE RESEARCH LAB  
318 ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING EAST  
UNIVERSITY PARK, PA 16802  
(NO CLASSIFIED TO THIS ADDRESS)  
01CY ATTN IONOSPHERIC RESEARCH LAB

PHOTOMETRICS, INC.  
442 MARRETT ROAD  
LEXINGTON, MA 02173  
01CY ATTN IRVING L. KOFSKY

PHYSICAL DYNAMICS INC.  
P. O. BOX 3027  
BELLEVUE, WA 98009  
01CY ATTN E. J. FREMOW

PHYSICAL DYNAMICS INC.  
P. O. BOX 10367  
OAKLAND, CA. 94610  
ATTN: A. THOMSON

R & D ASSOCIATES  
P. O. BOX 3695  
MARINA DEL REY, CA 90291  
01CY ATTN FORREST GILMORE  
01CY ATTN BRYAN GABBARD  
01CY ATTN WILLIAM B. WRIGHT JR  
01CY ATTN ROBERT F. LELEVIER  
01CY ATTN WILLIAM J. KARZAS  
01CY ATTN H. ORY  
01CY ATTN C. MACDONALD  
01CY ATTN R. TURCO

RAND CORPORATION, THE  
1700 MAIN STREET  
SANTA MONICA, CA 90406  
01CY ATTN CULLEN CRAIN  
01CY ATTN ED BEDROZIAN

RIVERSIDE RESEARCH INSTITUTE  
80 WEST END AVENUE  
NEW YORK, NY 10023  
01CY ATTN VINCE TRAPANI

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS, INC.

P. O. BOX 2351

LA JOLLA, CA 92038

01CY ATTN LEWIS M. LINSON

01CY ATTN DANIEL A. HAMLIN

01CY ATTN D. SACHS

01CY ATTN E. A. STRAKER

01CY ATTN CURTIS A. SMITH

01CY ATTN JACK MCDUGALL

RAYTHEON CO.

528 BOSTON POST ROAD

SUDBURY, MA 01776

01CY ATTN BARBARA ADAMS

Science Applications, Inc.

1710 Goodridge Dr.

McLean, VA 22102

Attn: J. Cockayne

Lockheed Missile & Space Co., Inc.

Huntsville Research & Engr. Ctr.

4800 Bradford Drive

Huntsville, Alabama 35807

Attn: Dale H. Davis

SRI INTERNATIONAL

333 RAVENSWOOD AVENUE

MENLO PARK, CA 94025

01CY ATTN DONALD NEILSON

01CY ATTN ALAN BURNS

01CY ATTN G. SMITH

01CY ATTN L. L. COBB

01CY ATTN DAVID A. JOHNSON

01CY ATTN WALTER G. CHESNUT

01CY ATTN CHARLES L. RINO

01CY ATTN WALTER JAYE

01CY ATTN M. BARON

01CY ATTN RAY L. LEADABRAND

01CY ATTN G. CARPENTER

01CY ATTN G. PRICE

01CY ATTN J. PETERSON

01CY ATTN R. MAKE, JR.

01CY ATTN V. GONZALES

01CY ATTN D. MCDANIEL

TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL CORP

75 WIGGINS AVENUE

BEDFORD, MA 01730

01CY ATTN W. P. BOQUIST

TRW DEFENSE & SPACE SYS GROUP

ONE SPACE PARK

REDONDO BEACH, CA 90278

01CY ATTN R. K. PLEBUCH

01CY ATTN S. ALTSCHULER

01CY ATTN D. DEE

VISIODYNE, INC.

19 THIRD AVENUE

NORTH WEST INDUSTRIAL PARK

BURLINGTON, MA 01803

01CY ATTN CHARLES HUMPHREY

01CY ATTN J. W. CARPENTER

IONOSPHERIC MODELING DISTRIBUTION LIST  
UNCLASSIFIED ONLY

PLEASE DISTRIBUTE ONE COPY TO EACH OF THE FOLLOWING PEOPLE:

ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY (ARPA)  
STRATEGIC TECHNOLOGY OFFICE  
ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA

CAPT. DONALD M. LEVINE

NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20315

DR. P. MANGE  
DR. R. MEIER  
DR. E. SZUSZCZEWICZ - CODE 4127  
DR. TIMOTHY COFFEY - CODE 4700 (25 COPIES)  
DR. S. USSAKOW - CODE 4780 (100 COPIES)  
DR. J. GOODMAN - CODE 7560

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS, INC.  
1250 PROSPECT PLAZA  
LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA 92037

DR. D. A. HAMLIN  
DR. L. LINSON  
DR. D. SACHS

DIRECTOR OF SPACE AND ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY  
NOAA  
BOULDER, COLORADO 80302

DR. A. GLENN JEAN  
DR. G. W. ADAMS  
DR. D. N. ANDERSON  
DR. K. DAVIES  
DR. R. F. DONNELLY

A. F. GEOPHYSICS LABORATORY  
E. G. HANSON FIELD  
BEDFORD, MASS. 01730

DR. T. ELKINS  
DR. W. SWIDER  
MRS. R. SAGALYN  
DR. J. M. FORBES  
DR. T. J. KENESHEA  
DR. J. AARONS

OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH  
800 NORTH QUINCY STREET  
ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22217

DR. M. MULLANEY

COMMANDER  
NAVAL ELECTRONICS LABORATORY CENTER  
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92152

DR. M. BLEIWEISS  
DR. I. ROTHMULLER  
DR. V. HILDEBRAND  
MR. R. ROSE

U. S. ARMY ABERDEEN RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER  
BALLISTIC RESEARCH LABORATORY  
ABERDEEN, MARYLAND

DR. J. HEIMERL

COMMANDER  
NAVAL AIR SYSTEMS COMMAND  
DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20360

DR. T. CZUBA

HARVARD UNIVERSITY  
HARVARD SQUARE  
CAMBRIDGE, MASS. 02138

DR. M. B. MCELROY  
DR. R. LINDZEN

PENNSYLVANIA STATE UNIVERSITY  
UNIVERSITY PARK, PENNSYLVANIA 16802

DR. J. S. NISBET  
DR. P. R. ROHRBAUGH  
DR. D. E. BARAN  
DR. L. A. CARPENTER  
DR. M. LEE  
DR. R. DIVANY  
DR. P. BENNETT  
DR. E. KLEVANS

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES  
405 HILLGARD AVENUE  
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90024

DR. F. V. CORONITI  
DR. C. KENNEL

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY  
BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA 94720

DR. M. HUDSON

UTAH STATE UNIVERSITY  
4TH N. AND 8TH STREETS  
LOGAN, UTAH 84322

DR. P. M. BANKS  
DR. R. HARRIS  
DR. V. PETERSON  
DR. R. MEGILL  
DR. K. BAKER

CORNELL UNIVERSITY  
ITHACA, NEW YORK 14850

DR. W. E. SWARTZ  
DR. R. SUDAN  
DR. D. FARLEY  
DR. M. KELLEY

NASA  
GODDARD SPACE FLIGHT CENTER  
GREENBELT, MARYLAND 20771

DR. S. CHANDRA  
DR. K. MAEDO



PRINCETON UNIVERSITY  
PLASMA PHYSICS LABORATORY  
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY 08540

DR. F. PERKINS  
DR. E. FRIEMAN

INSTITUTE FOR DEFENSE ANALYSIS  
400 ARMY/NAVY DRIVE  
ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22202

DR. E. BAUER

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND  
COLLEGE PARK, MD 20742  
DR. K. PAPADOPOULOS  
DR. E. OTT

UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH  
PITTSBURGH, PA. 15213

DR. N. ZABUSKY  
DR. M. BLONDI

DEFENSE DOCUMENTATION CENTER  
CAMERON STATION  
ALEXANDRIA, VA. 22314

(12 COPIES IF OPEN PUBLICATION  
OTHERWISE 2 COPIES) 12CY ATTN TC

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA  
LOS ALAMOS SCIENTIFIC LABORATORY  
J-10, MS-664  
LOS ALAMOS, NEW MEXICO 87545

M. PONGRATZ  
D. SIMONS  
G. BARASCH  
L. DUNCAN

Mass. Institute of Tech.  
Plasma Fusion Center  
Library, NW16-262  
Cambridge, MA 02139